

1 ArrayList

public class UnionList ^{implements} ~~extends~~ ListInterface {

private static final int SUB_LISTS = 3; // Max num
of lists

private static final int OWN = 2; // Max num of
own lists

private ListInterface[] ^{-lists} lists; // Max num
of lists

public UnionList (ListInterface x, ListInterface y) {
validate(x); validate(y); // null check

-lists = new ListInterface [SUB_LISTS];

-lists [0] = x;

-lists [1] = y;

-lists [OWN] = new List(); // Max num
of own lists

}

public void add (Object x) ^{throws} IllegalArgumentException
Exceptions

-lists [OWN].add(x);
}

throws IllegalArgumentException;

↓
↓
↓

```
public int size() {
```

```
    int totalSize = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < SUB_LISTS; ++i)
```

```
        totalSize += lists[i].size();
```

```
    return totalSize;
```

```
}
```

```
private void validate (Object o) throws IllegalArgumentException,  
    { if (o == null) Exception
```

```
        throw new IllegalArgumentException();
```

```
}
```

```
public boolean contains (Object x) {
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < SUB_LISTS SUB_LISTS; ++i) {
```

```
        if (lists[i].contains(x))
```

```
            return true;
```

```
    } // else...
```

```
    return false;
```

```
}
```

```
public IteratorInterface iterator() {
    return new UnionIterator();
}
```

```
}
// implements IteratorInterface
class UnionIterator {
```

```
    private int _list; //
    private IteratorInterface _it; //
```

[The map has next] -> hasNext
~~public boolean~~ *hasNext*

```
protected UnionIterator() {
```

```
    _list = 0;
    _it = _lists[0].iterator();
```

```
}
```

```
public boolean hasNext() {
```

```
    //
```

```
    //
```

```
    while (it(_list < SUB_LISTS)) {
```

```
        if (Lists[_list].hasNext())
```

```
            return true;
```

```
        // else...
```

```
        _list++;
```

```
        _it = _lists[_list].iterator();
```

```
    }
```

```
    return _it.hasNext(); //
```

```
}
```

```
//
```

(The map has next) -> hasNext
next
[hasNext]

-3

-2

next() ✓

```
public Object next() throws NoSuchElementException
```

```
if (!hasNext())
```

```
    throw new NoSuchElementException();
```

```
    // פ'תרון נוסף: throw has/next() 'me
```

```
    // 'ה'ת' Iterator 'ה'ת' -it 'ה'ת' 'ה'ת'
```

```
    return -it.next();
```

```
}
```

```
} //end of Union Iterator
```

```
} //end of UnionList
```

class ~~Pinhas~~ Pinhas Helper {

// n - מספר המספרים

// k - מספר המספרים

public static int howManyOptions (int n, int k) {

if (n <= 0 || k <= 0)

throw new IllegalArgumentException();

if (n == 0) // אם k שווה ל-1 אז k
return 0;

(למה?) if (k == 0) // אם k שווה ל-1 אז k
return 1;
if (n == 1) return 1; // אם k שווה ל-1 אז k
int sum = 0;

for (int i = 0; i <= k; ++i)

sum += howManyOptions (n-1, k-i);

return sum;



3

3.11 end of class

33
33

class Balancer {

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private static int getRightSpan(~~Node~~ Node root) {

int length = 0;

while (root != null) {

root = root.right;

length++;

}

return length;

}

static public Node balance (Node root) {

~~return isBalance (root, getRightSpan (root));~~

~~if (root == null)~~

return isBalance (root, getRightSpan (root));

return
isBalance
(root)

private static Node

do_balance(Node l0, int len) {

if (len == 0) // for null
return null; // for null

if (len == 1) {
l0.right = null; // (null)
l0.left = null; // null
return l0;

Node middle = l0;

for (int i = 0; i < len/2; ++i) // // end of loop
middle = middle.nextRight;

middle.left = do_balance(l0, (len/2));

middle.right = do_balance(middle.right, len/2);

return middle;

} // end of class

↓

// l0 - for null

// len - nodes, len

מטרתנו היא להבין את המבנה של עצם בדיקה

$O(n)$ - המבנה של עצם בדיקה הוא $O(n)$

מבנה של עצם בדיקה

לכל n , המבנה של עצם בדיקה הוא $O(n)$

המבנה של עצם בדיקה הוא $O(n)$



~~המבנה של עצם בדיקה הוא $O(n)$~~



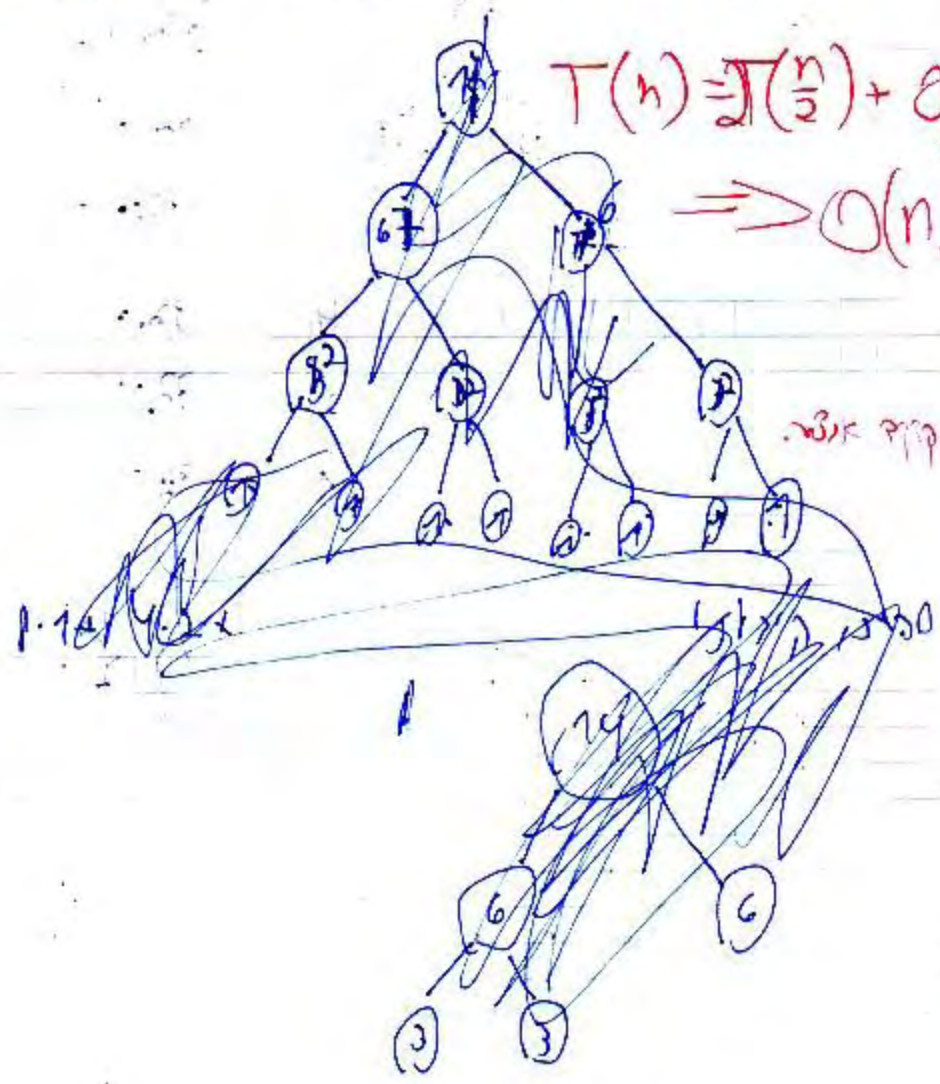
~~המבנה של עצם בדיקה הוא $O(n)$~~

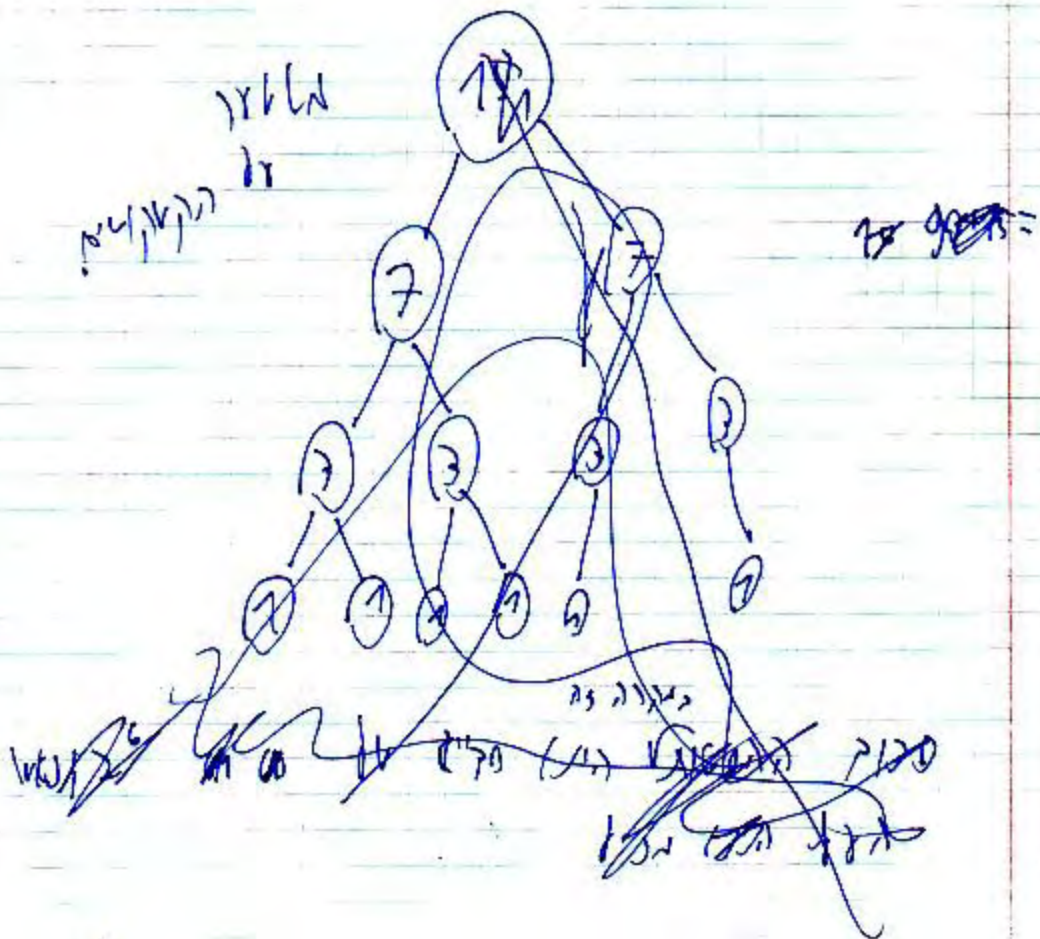
-5

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + O(n)$$

$$\Rightarrow O(n \lg n)$$

המבנה של עצם בדיקה





מסלול הקטן והגדול
 מסלול הקטן והגדול
 $O(n \log_2 n)$
 מסלול הקטן והגדול